

# Long Term Trends in Shipbuilding BIMCO

17<sup>th</sup> January 2007 Stephen Gordon, Clarkson Research

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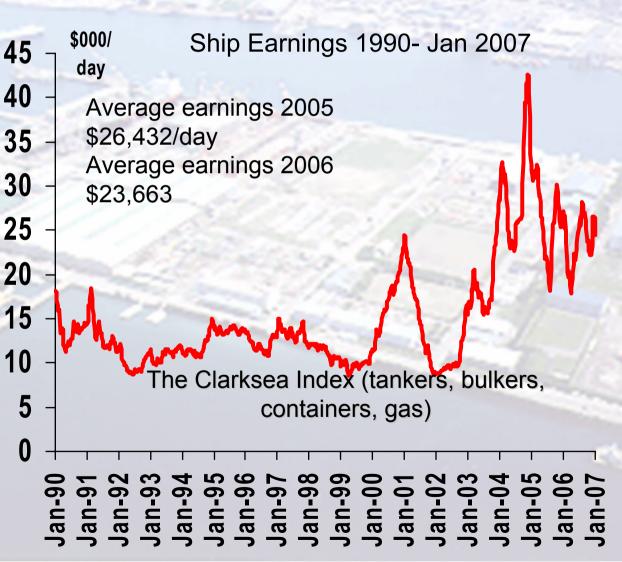
### Introduction

- In the last two decades of Shipbuilding's long history, over supply, closures & poor profitability have dominated.
- Fast forward to today and the shipbuilding industry is enjoying its biggest and longest boom on record.
- The orderbook has a current contract value of \$298 billion!
- This is the investment that is at the heart of the shipbuilding business – shipyards, marine equipment, financiers, class societies and brokers all after their slice.



#### Q: Where has newbuild investment come from? A: Ship Earnings

- The Clarksea Index averaged \$12,000/day in the 1990s.
- In November 2004, it surged to a new peak of \$42,700/day.
- 2006 ended up just below 2005.
- <u>12<sup>th</sup> Jan 06:</u> <u>\$24,380</u>

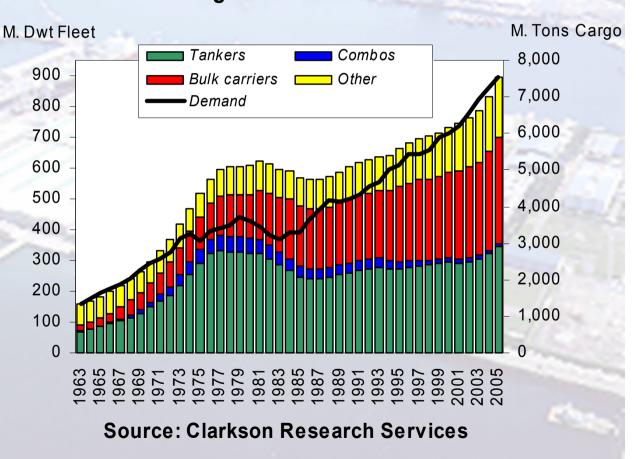


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#### Why have freight rates been so high?

- Underlying balance is tighter
- Markets are more responsive to various factors which have "primed" the market
- Surging world economy, China, tanker phase out
- "Wild Cards"
- Net Result higher earnings, more bullish sentiment, more newbuild investment

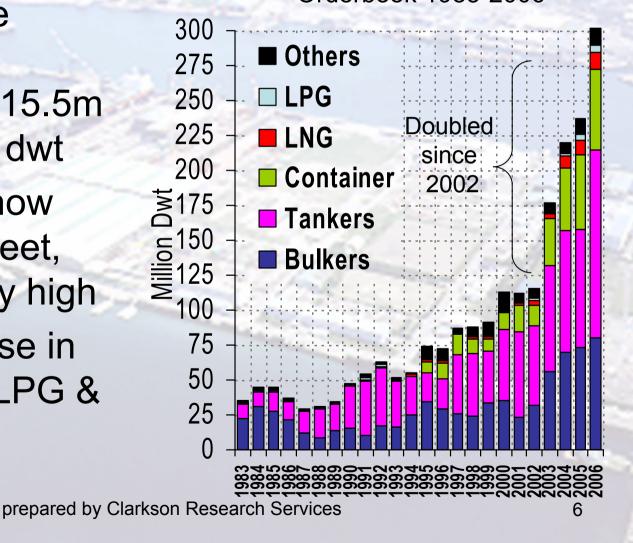


**Tight Market Balance** 



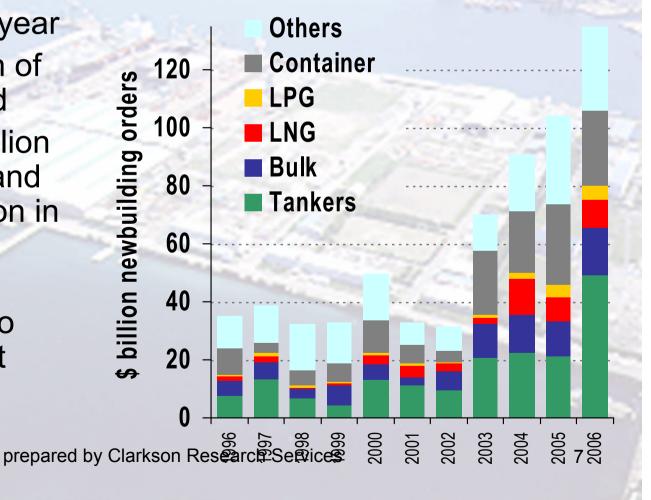
- Since 2002 the orderbook has jumped from 115.5m dwt to 300.0m dwt
- Orderbook is now 31.2% of the fleet, historically very high
- Biggest increase in 2005 in LNG, LPG & containers





Clarkson Research Services Newbuild Contracts

- Until 2003 investment was running at just over \$30 billion a year
- In 2004 \$91 billion of new ships ordered
- In 2005 \$104.1 billion of new contracts and another \$135 billion in of 2006
- About half of this investment goes to Marine Equipment Suppliers



Concluded

New Ship Contracts 1997-06



#### Shiptypes on Order by Country / Region

	Investment in \$ billion											200	After three						
		]	Fanker	s	_	Bulkers					Specialised Vessels						woars of		
Shipbuilding		4						40-	-								years of		
Country / Region	dwt	k 12( dwt	t 80- dwt	k 60- Iwt	0- Iwt	e > dwt	k 60- lwt	ax 4 lwt	ze 1( lwt	mien	rriers	eu	eu	ry İwt	\$ K		containerships		
	VLCC > 200,000 dwt	Suezmax 120- 200,000 dwt	Aframax 80- 120,000 dwt	Panamax 60- 80,000 dwt	Handy 10- 60,000 dwt	Capesize > 100,000 dwt	Panamax 60- 80,000 dwt	Handymax 60,000 dwt	Handysize 10- 40,000 dwt	LNG Carriers	LPG Carriers	Container >3,000 teu	Container <3,000 teu	Other Dry >5,000 dwt	Offshore Others	Total	being the		
Japan	5.07	0.83	3.97	0.37	4.75	6.74	5.70	4.33	2.67	4.26	2.05	5.58	0.76	0.18	4.93	52.19	biggest		
South Korea	7.84	4.19	5.47	2.33	16.17	0.43	0.44	0.26	0.24	21.66	6.67	29.70	3.30	0.06	10.12	108.87	investor, in		
Taiwan	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.33	0.72	0.00	0.00	3.20	2006 it is		
P.R. China	5.95	2.54	3.42	2.76	5.55	4.35	2.23	2.28	2.64	0.86	0.40	7.55	7.72	0.40	10.12	58.78	and a second		
Other Asia TOTAL ASIA	0.00 <b>18.86</b>	0.00 7.56	0.18 13.04	0.00	0.18 26.65	0.00 11.67	0.00 8.37	1.69 <b>8.57</b>	0.64 6.20	0.00 26.78	0.00 9.12	1.16 46.31	0.70 <b>13.21</b>	0.26	5.71 <b>30.89</b>	10.53 233.58	tankers.		
Germany	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.50	0.74	4.07	0.90	6.39	12.00	•The four		
Denmark	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.23	the second s		
France	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.05	4.60	"pistons" of the		
Italy	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.94	9.13	market have all		
Netherlands	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.67	0.00	2.07	3.09			
Spain	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.01	1.55	2.13	been strong		
Finland Norway	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.57	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00\\ 0.00\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00\\ 0.00\end{array}$	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.56 7.37	4.56 7.94	<ul> <li>Small ships</li> </ul>		
Turkey	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.91	3.12	and "others"		
Poland	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.47	0.89	0.00	1.66	3.29			
Ukraine	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.08	0.55	came later in		
Croatia	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.58	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.05	2.58	the boom.		
Other Europe	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.02	0.00	0.15	1.09	0.05	0.26	1.49	4.28			
TOTAL EUROPE	0.00	0.05	<b>0.12</b> 0.52	<b>0.70</b> 0.35	<b>5.07</b> 0.28	0.00	<b>0.00</b>	0.18	<b>0.19</b> 0.00	<b>0.79</b>	<b>0.93</b> 0.15	<b>3.52</b> 0.00	<b>6.32</b> 0.05	<b>0.50</b>	<b>40.11</b> 0.81	<b>58.49</b> 2.15			
Brazil USA	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.35	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.05	0.00	1.08	2.15	Data from		
OSA Others	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.95	Nov 06.		
TOTAL OTHERS	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.67	1.39	0.00	0.18	0.27	0.02	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.18	0.00	2.89	6.25	1100 00.		
GLOBAL TOTAL	18.86	7.61	13.67	6.82	33.11	11.67	8.55	9.02	6.40	27.57	10.20	49.83	19.70	1.41	73.89	298.31	8		

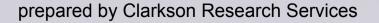




#### League Table of Owner Countries by Investment

Dagion		No.	of Ves	sels			V	alue \$	billior	ı	Investment Trends		
Region	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	This Yee	ur
European Union	485	926	877	992	1,225	Γ	12.36	31.45	34.99	37.59	51.23	<i>UP BY</i>	48.7%
East Asia	419	763	682	648	508		10.86	23.34	28.12	30.37	27.64	STEADY	-0.7%
South East Asia	41	58	65	41	55		0.65	2.07	2.59	1.57	3.64	<i>UP BY</i>	153.5%
FSU and E. Europe	35	110	158	111	135		0.43	2.41	4.75	3.16	5.77	<i>UP BY</i>	99.3%
North America	108	91	76	102	116		2.72	3.97	8.11	10.45	13.06	<i>UP BY</i>	36.4%
Middle East	62	72	138	104	114		1.06	2.13	4.69	5.60	6.81	<i>UP BY</i>	32.8%
Others	139	197	282	444	524		3.81	4.75	8.30	15.25	26.97	<b>UP BY</b>	93.0%
Global Total	1,289	2,217	2,278	2,442	2,677		31.89	70.11	91.56	103.98	135.13	<i>UP BY</i>	41.8%

- The orderbook of 6,000 plus vessels is shared between 770 owners from 61 countries.
- The largest investor region is still Europe, with \$51 billion in 2006.



Major		No.	of Ves	sels		V	alue \$	billior	ı	Inv	estment T	rends
Investors	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	This Ye	ar
Greece	113	204	158	160	331	3.48	7.50	6.20	5.98		<i>UP BY</i>	222.8%
Norway	48	62	95	146	214	2.07	2.09	3.49	7.48	13.79	<i>UP BY</i>	101.1%
Germany	121	347	293	434	404	2.80	11.59	10.12	13.67	13.40	<i>UP BY</i>	6.9%
Japan	253	458	384	305	187	6.83	14.78	17.52	15.74	11.55	DOWN BY	-20.0%
United States	95	66	54	84	77	2.27	2.95	6.67	8.88	11.16	<i>UP BY</i>	37.1%
China P.R.	33	84	94	95	97	0.92	2.73	3.50	5.30	5.26	<i>UP BY</i>	8.4%
Denmark	42	94	122	84	154	0.95	3.32	6.26	4.59	5.10	<i>UP BY</i>	21.3%
Italy	42	86	50	89	75	1.31	3.32	3.08	4.89	4.97	<i>UP BY</i>	11.0%
South Korea	23	27	34	67	83	0.26	0.61	1.21	3.29	4.42	<i>UP BY</i>	46.5%
France	32	35	38	38	77	1.05	1.86	1.48	2.84	4.02	<i>UP BY</i>	54.2%
Turkey	14	42	59	73	91	0.16	0.80	1.33	1.75	3.14	<i>UP BY</i>	95.2%
Malaysia	17	22	35	21	34	0.23	1.58	2.11	1.35	2.81	<i>UP BY</i>	126.7%
Israel	8	14	33	11	31	0.24	0.76	1.64	0.54	2.67	<i>UP BY</i>	439.4%
Taiwan	33	61	40	18	29	0.83	2.29	1.49	1.21	2.61	<i>UP BY</i>	135.6%
Russia	10	53	69	29	34	0.18	1.40	2.50	1.18	2.28	<i>UP BY</i>	109.9%
Singapore	53	83	74	129	68	0.83	1.30	1.52	3.04	2.08	DOWN BY	-25.3%
Saudi Arabia	8	23	34	13	26	0.08	0.38	0.98	0.10	2.03	<i>UP BY</i>	2215.6%
Canada	13	25	22	18	39	0.45	1.02	1.45	1.56	1.90	<i>UP BY</i>	32.9%
Qatar	2	8	2	4	10	0.06	0.19	0.02	0.37	1.87	<i>UP BY</i>	449.1%
Brazil	3	12	3	3	17	0.01	0.21	0.06	0.06	1.85	<i>UP BY</i>	3270.9%
Hong Kong	24	50	56	34	44	1.19	1.63	2.88	1.80	1.73	STEADY	5.0%
U.A.E.	17	24	34	28	45	0.21	0.77	0.85	0.96	1.66	<i>UP BY</i>	88.9%
Netherlands	39	42	82	77	97	0.37	0.97	1.46	1.30	1.63	<i>UP BY</i>	36.7%
Belgium	11	16	19	19	20	0.31	0.54	0.88	1.53	1.47	STEADY	5.0%
India	9	26	13	14	39	0.23	0.62	0.29	0.60	1.32	<i>UP BY</i>	138.3%
Sweden	10	26	31	11	13	0.20	0.60	1.56	0.64	1.23	<i>UP BY</i>	109.1%
United Kingdom	34	47	58	45	24	0.88	1.42	2.69	0.76	0.88	<i>UP BY</i>	26.4%
Cyprus	1	9	20	11	17	0.02	0.17	0.58	0.39	0.81	<i>UP BY</i>	126.4%
Vietnam	6	17	16	2	16	0.06	0.16	0.22	0.05	0.56	<i>UP BY</i>	1179.5%
Iran	22	8	20	40	12	0.48	0.21	0.60	3.10	0.45	DOWN BY	-84.1%
Croatia	3	3	12	4	10	0.02	0.08	0.38	0.10	0.36	<i>UP BY</i>	304.0%
Egypt	2	3	8	0	4	0.06	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.31		
Austria	1	4	4	2	5	0.04	0.10	0.14	0.08	0.30	<i>UP BY</i>	316.1%
Chile	4	8	2	2	2	0.01	0.14	0.01	0.05	0.24	<i>UP BY</i>	462.4%
Switzerland	1	9	8	11	9	0.02	0.29	0.22	0.25	0.23	STEADY	-2.3%
Indonesia	10	9	6	11	3	0.23	0.08	0.12	0.07	0.18	<i>UP BY</i>	175.1%
Spain	20	18	11	6	12	0.42	0.18	0.26	0.04	0.17	<i>UP BY</i>	441.5%
Portugal	10	1	0	3	4	0.10	0.01	0.00	0.02		<i>UP BY</i>	1083.0%
Finland	4	1	9	7	6	0.37	0.01	0.82	1.09		DOWN BY	-86.3%
Ecuador	0	0	0	0	2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13		
Algeria	11	1	5	1	1	0.28	0.05	0.23	0.14	0.12	DOWN BY	-6.5%
Thailand	1	6	1	5	2	0.01	0.17	0.01	0.07		<i>UP BY</i>	38.8%
Other	86	83	170	288	212	1.37	1.20	4.65	7.11	6.35	STEADY	-2.6%
GLOBAL TOTAL	1,289	2,217	2,278	2,442	2,677	31.89	70.11	91.56	103.98	135.13	<i>UP BY</i>	41.8%

## Country Analysis

New Analysis from WSM

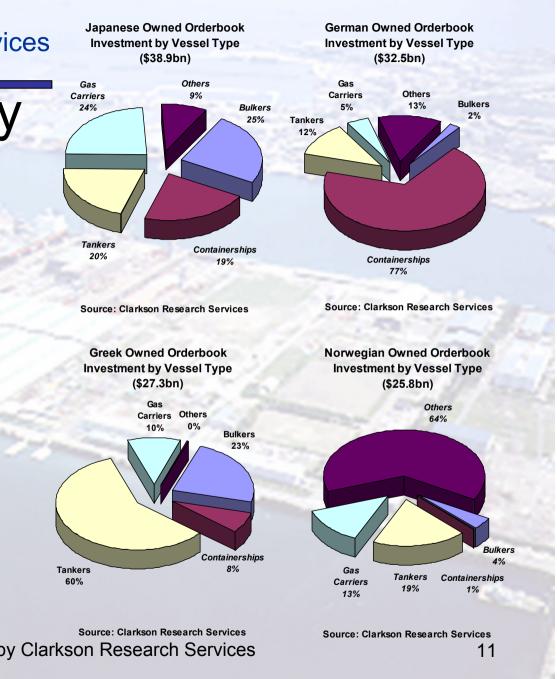
- 57 companies have orderbooks over \$1 billion!
- Greek Investment has been very strong in 2006 - \$17.7 billion.

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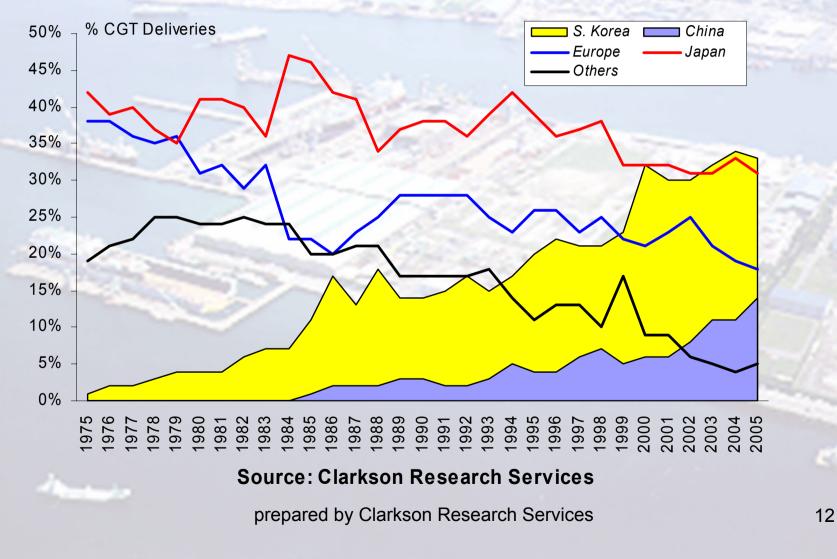
- The 4 major investors in cargo shipping (we have ignored the US because of Cruise investment) have different investment portfolios.
- Japanese investment portfolio mixed while Germans dominated by containerships (77%), Greek by tankers (60%) and Norwegian by others (64% - including Source: Clarkson Research Services offshore and PCC).





#### World Shipbuilding: Shares of Deliveries

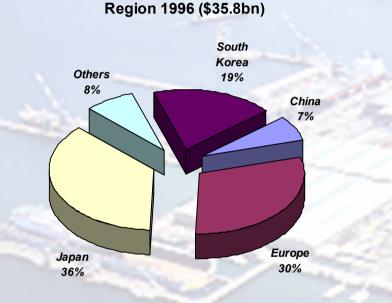
**Global Shipbuilding "Capacity" Shares** 



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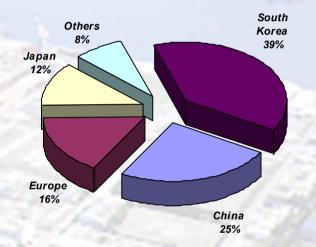


### Regional Shipyard Activity



**Global Investment by Builder** 

Global Investment by Builder Region 2006 (\$135.1bn)



- In 1996 investment was predominantly in Japan (36%) and Europe (30%)
- By 2006 the leaders are Korea (39%) and China (25%). prepared by Clarkson Research Services 13



#### **Clarkson Research Services**

- The Draft Development Policy for China's Shipbuilding Industry targets being the worlds largest builder by 2020.
- Orderbook has recently overtaken Japan but its neck and neck and the Japanese figures are probably understated!!
- We have identified 35 greenfield expansion plans and 12 expansion plans to existing yards
- Only 11 are currently marketing.







### Newbuilding **Prices Still Firm**

	Bulk Vessel Prices				Pric	e \$ mil	llion, er	nd:	1		Price Trend Against a			
			1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	Dec*	Year Ago Is	····	
	VLCC	300,000 dwt	72.50	69.00	76.50	70.00	63.50	77.00	110.00	120.00	129.00	FIRMER	7.59	
	Suezmax	150,000 dwt	44.00	42.50	52.50	46.50	43.75	51.50	71.00	71.00	80.50	STRONG	13.49	
	Aframax	110,000 dwt	34.50	33.00	41.50	36.00	34.75	41.50	59.00	58.50	65.50	STRONG	12.09	
	Panamax	70,000 dwt		31.00	36.00	32.00	31.25	37.50	48.00	50.00	58.50	STRONG	17.09	
	Handy	47,000 dwt	26.00	26.00	29.50	26.25	27.00	31.50	40.00	43.00	47.00	STRONG	9.39	
	Capesize	170,000 dwt	33.00	35.00	40.50	36.00	36.25	48.00	64.00	59.00	68.00	STRONG	15.39	
	Panamax	75,000 dwt	20.00	22.00	22.50	20.50	21.50	27.00	36.00	36.00	40.00	STRONG	11.19	
	Handymax	51,000 dwt	18.00	20.00	20.50	18.50	19.00	24.00	30.00	30.50	36.50	STRONG	19.79	
	Handysize	30,000 dwt	14.25	15.50	15.00	14.50	15.00	18.00	23.50	25.50	28.00	STRONG	9.89	
	Price Index		111	107	114	108	106	119	150	162	168.2	FIRMER	4.09	
	% change	_		-4%	7%	-5%	-0.026	12%	26%	8%	4%	1	-	

Dec*	Year Ago Is	•••
129.00	FIRMER	7.5%
80.50	STRONG	13.4%
65.50	STRONG	12.0%
58.50	STRONG	17.0%
47.00	STRONG	9.3%
68.00	STRONG	15.3%
40.00	STRONG	11.1%
36.50	STRONG	19.7%
28.00	STRONG	9.8%
168.2	FIRMER	4.0%
4%		

Other		-	Pric	e \$ mil	llion, en	nd:		2	Price Trend Against a			
Pric	Prices		1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	Dec*	Year Ago Is	•••
LNG	$147,000 \text{ m}^3$	190.0	165.0	172.5	165.0	150.0	155.0	185.0	205.0	220.0	FIRMER	7.3%
LPG	$78,000 \text{ m}^3$	58.00	56.00	60.00	60.00	58.00	63.00	82.50	90.00	92.00	STEADY	2.2%
Container	725 teu		14.00	14.00	13.00	13.00	17.50	19.50	20.50	20.50	STEADY	· ]/_
Container	1,000 teu		17.50	18.00	15.50	15.50	18.50	22.50	23.00	22.00	SOFTER	-4.3%
Container	1,700 teu		23.00	25.00	21.50	21.00	25.50	35.00	36.00	38.00	FIRMER	5.6%
Container	2,000 teu		28.00	31.50	28.00	27.00	30.50	37.00	40.00	41.50	FIRMER	3.8%
Container	2,750 teu		33.00	37.50	31.00	29.50	37.00	46.50	48.50	51.00	FIRMER	5.2%
Container	3,500 teu		38.00	41.50	36.00	33.00	42.50	53.00	52.50	57.00	STRONG	8.6%
Container	4,600 teu						56.50	71.00	67.50	71.00	FIRMER	5.2%
Container	6,200 teu						71.00	91.00	89.00	101.00	STRONG	13.5%
Ro-Ro	1,2-1,300 Lm			20.00	19.00	18.50	22.00	33.00	32.87	38.42	STRONG	16.9%
Ro-Ro	2,3-2,700 Lm			33.00	31.00	31.00	33.00	46.00	48.26	55.21	STRONG	14.4%
Sources: Clarkson	s Po Po prices for 10	07 are avera	and not on	dvoor All	historial da	to refers to	standard v	accal cizac	nublished a	t the time T	he dut sizes quotes	I refer to the

Sources: Clarksons. Ro-Ro prices for 1997 are averages not end year. All historial data refers to standard vessel sizes published at the time. The dwt sizes quoted refer to the latest spec. in that vessel sector, and new vessel **DECP all OCC** by **back of the Sources** of the sector. Aframax from 1990. Panamax and Handy Tankers are coated. Price data assumes a "European spec", with 10/10/10/70% payments, basis "first class competitive yards". Price data latest available at time of press. NB Price Index is value at the end of the previous month.

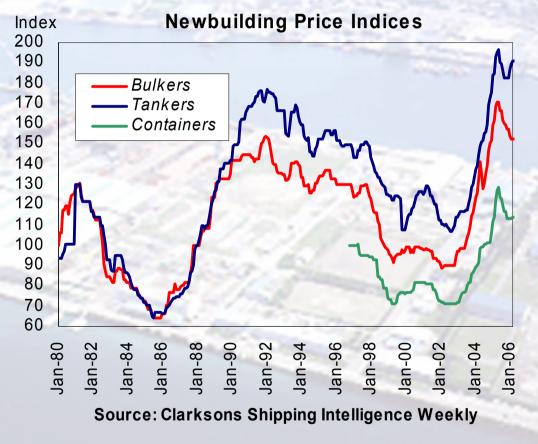
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#### Newbuilding Still Firm

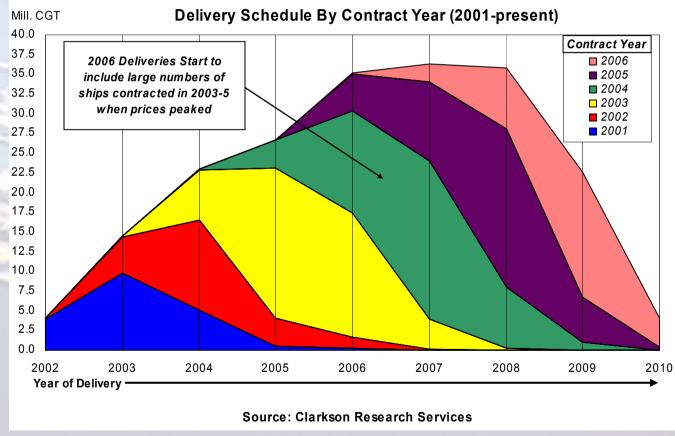
- Aframax tanker peaked at \$53m in 1990, but new price fell to \$33m in Dec 1999 and today it costs \$65.5m
- Some ships cost twice what they did four years ago





### Yards starting to deliver vessels signed at firm prices

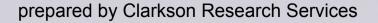
- The chart shows deliveries in m.CGT by the year in which the ships were contracted
- For the future years deliveries are based on the orderbook
- Note that the high priced contracts placed in 2004/5 start to be delivered later in 2006
- So 2007 should be profitable for shipyards





## Outlook

- Shipbuilding capacity is growing
- Outlook for freight rates is increasingly uncertain the delivery of lots of new ships will cause supply pressure
- Demand has been growing very strongly as the world economy has surged – is this sustainable?
- Full production for 3.5 years. Starting to deliver ships taken at high prices and if rising costs can be managed, profits are on the cards.





#### Note About Data

 Sources include various Clarkson Research Publications: World Shipyard Monitor, Shipping Intelligence Weekly, China Intelligence Monthly, KG Shipping and Finance, LNG Trade & Transport.



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